Precision Regulator (SRP)

SRP2000~3000 Series

How to order

(1) Precision Regulator

20 - 1/4

30 - 3/8

(3) Regulating •

pressure range

00 - 0.2~8 bar

20 - 0.1~2 bar 40 - 0.1~4 bar

Mil - Rc(PT)
N - NPT
G - G(PF)

(5) Port Size •

02

03

04

Symbol Size

1/4

3/8

1/2

- Precision Gauge

6 Accessory(Optional) •

- Bracket

SRP 20 00 -

Body size

20

Nil - None Bracket / None Gauge



SRP 2000

02 BG



SRP 3000

SAU

SAU LARGE FLOW

SAU HIGH PRESS.

SAW

SAW HIGH PRESS.

SAWM SAWD

SAF

SAF LARGE FLOW

SAFM SAFD

SAR

SAR LARGE FLOW

SAR T-HANDLE

SAR HIGH PRESS.

CDD

SAL

SAL LARGE FLOW

AUTO-DRAIN KITS

SHVS

SPS100

ACCESSORY

CAUTION

Precautions

- ① If the supply pressure line contains drainage, particulate, or other debris, the fixed throttle can become clogged leading to malfunction. To avoid malfunctions, in addition to an air filter (Series SAF), installation of a mist separator (Series SAM, SAFM) is required.
- ② If the drain removal from air filter and mist separator is missed, drain will be flown out to the outlet side and may result in a malfunction of the pneumatic equipment. When removing drain is difficult, use of a filter with an autodrain is recommended.
- ③ Never use a lubricator on the supply side of the regulator, as this will positively cause the fixed throttle to become clogged and result in a malfunction. If lubrication is required for terminal devices, connect a lubricator on the output side of the regulator.
- (4) If a directional switching valve (solenoid valve, mechanical valve, etc.) is mounted on the supply side of the regulator and repeatedly switched ON and OFF, wear of the nozzle/flapper section will be accelerated and a discrepancy in the setting value may occur. Therefore, avoid using a directional switching valve on the supply side. In the event a directional switching valve will be used, install it on the output side of the regulator.
- (5) Air is normally released from the bleed hole (the hole on the side of the body's mid-section). This is a necessary consumption of air based on the construction of the precision regulator, and is not an abnormality.

Symbol



Specification

	Fluid		Compressed Air
	Max. operating pressure		10bar (1.0MPa)
	Min. supply 1) pressure	SRP2000	Set pressure +0.5bar
		SRP3000	Set pressure +1bar
	Regulating range		0.2~8bar (0.02~0.8MPa)
			0.1~4bar (0.01~0.4MPa)
			0.1~2bar (0.01~0.2MPa)
	Sensitivity		Within 0.2% of full span
	Repeatability		Within ±0.5% of full span
	Air consumption ²	SRP2000	5 L/min
	(At supply pressure of 10bar)	SRP3000	11 L/min
	Ambient and fluid	d temperature	-5~60°C (No freezing)
	Gauge port		1/8
	Port size	SRP2000	1/4
		SRP3000	3/8, 1/2

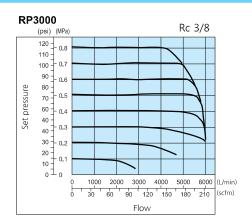
Note: 1. With the condition of no flow on the output side.

Air is normally being discharged to the atmosphere from a bleed hole or an exhaust port.

Series SRP2000~3000

FLOW CHARACTERISTICS

RP2000 Rc 1/4 (psi) (MPa) 100 0.6 80 Set pressure 0.5 60 0.4 0.3 40 0.2 20 0.1 1000 1200 800 (L/min) 400 600 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 (scfm) Flow

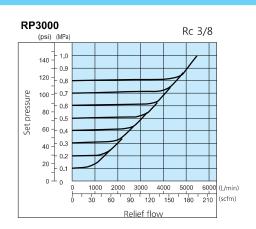


Supply pressure: 1MPa

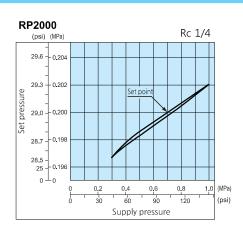
Back pressure: 1MPa

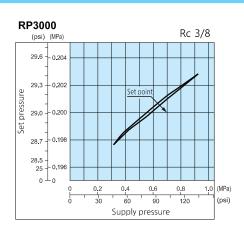
RELIEF CHARACTERISTICS

RP2000 Rc 1/4 (psi) (MPa) 1.0 140 -0.9 120 -- 0.7 100 -- 0.6 80 -- 0.5 60 -0.4 40 + 0.3 0.2 20 🕇 0.1 800 (L/min) 15 20 25 (scfm) Relief flow



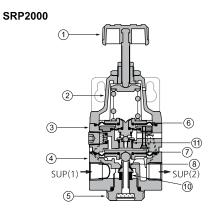
PRESSURE CHARACTERISTICS Supply pressure: 0.7 MPa, Set pressure: 0.2 MPa, Flow rate: 0 L/min (ANR)





Precision Regulator

STRUCTURE / PARTS

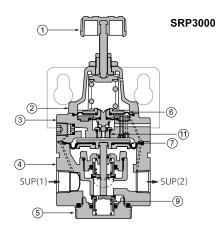


Working principle (For SRP2000)

When the knob is turned, the nozzle closes by the flapper, allowing supply pressure(SUP(1)) to enter and pass through fixed orifice and apply on diaphragm ⑦ as back pressure. Back pressure causes check valve ® to be pushed down to allow supply pressure to flow out to the downstream side(SUP(2)). Supply pressure applied to Diaphragm ② also is applied to Diaphragm ® which creates an opposing force against compression force of the setting spring and becomes the

When set pressure increases significantly, Diaphragm ® is pushed up and space between flapper and nozzle widens causing nozzle back pressure to drop. Drop in nozzle back pressure causes Diaphragm ⑦ drop, closes the check valve ⑧ and opens the exhaust valve.

Precise pressure adjustment is achieved by using this nozzle flapper type mechanism.



Component Parts

No.	PARTS	MATERIAL
1	Handle	NYLON
2	Cover	ALDC
3	Disk	ALDC
4	Body	ALDC
(5)	Valve guide	ALDC

Repacement Parts

No.	PARTS	MATERIAL
6	Diaphragm Ass'y	NBR, others
7	Main Diaphragm Ass'y	NBR, others
8	Check valve	SUS, NBR
9	Check valve	Brass, NBR
10	Damper	NBR
11	Nozzle Ass'y	Brass, others

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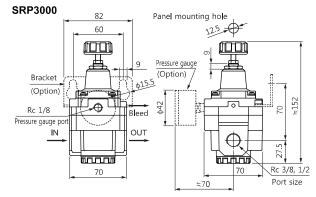
SHVS

SPS100

ACCESSORY

CAUTION





DIMENSIONS (mm)